

Corrigé Evaluation Suites

4 Ex1:

$$1. u_2 = u_1 + 1 \times r = 2 + 3 = 5$$

$$u_9 = u_1 + 8 \times r = 2 + 8 \times 3 = 26$$

$$u_{15} = u_1 + 14 \times r = 2 + 14 \times 3 = 44$$

$$u_{20} = u_1 + 19 \times r = 2 + 19 \times 3 = 59$$

$$2. u_2 = u_1 + 1 \times r = 12 + 1 \times (-1,4) = 10,6$$

$$u_9 = u_1 + 8 \times r = 12 + 8 \times (-1,4) = -7,6$$

$$u_{18} = 12 + 17 \times (-1,4) = -11,8$$

$$u_{23} = 12 + 22 \times (-1,4) = -18,8$$

2 Ex2: $u_1 = 3$ $u_{17} = 27$ $r = ?$

$$u_{17} = u_1 + 16 \times r \text{ donc } 27 = 3 + 16 \times r$$

$$24 = 16 \times r$$

$$\frac{24}{16} = r \text{ donc } \boxed{r = 1,5}$$

4,5 Ex3: S.G: $u_n = u_1 \times q^{n-1}$

$$1. u_2 = u_1 \times q^1 = -2,5 \times 1,2 = -3$$

$$u_8 = u_1 \times q^7 = -2,5 \times 1,2^7 = -8,96$$

$$u_{15} = u_1 \times q^{14} = -2,5 \times 1,2^{14} = -32,1$$

$$u_{23} = -2,5 \times 1,2^{22} = -138,02$$

$$2. u_2 = 1200 \times 0,8 = 960$$

$$u_{17} = 1200 \times 0,8^{16} = 33,78$$

$$u_{21} = 1200 \times 0,8^{20} = 13,84$$

$$u_{26} = 1200 \times 0,8^{25} = 4,53$$

3 Ex4:

$$1. u_4 = 3 \quad u_5 = 12 \quad q = \frac{12}{3} = 4$$

2. a) Suite arithmétique 1^{er} terme: 1 raison: 4

b) Suite géométrique 1^{er} terme: 2 raison: 3

6,5 Ex5:

1. a) $u_1 = 70$ raison = 2 : suite arithmétique.

$$b) u_2 = 70 + 2 = 72 \quad \underline{2005: 72 \text{ camions C}}$$

$$u_3 = 72 + 2 = 74 \quad \underline{2006: 74 \text{ camions C}}$$

$$c) 2004 \rightarrow u_1 \quad u_{15} = u_1 + 14 \times 2 = 70 + 14 \times 2 = \underline{98}$$
$$2008 \rightarrow u_{15}$$

2) a) v est une suite géométrique de 1^{er} terme $v_1 = 60$ et de raison 1,05.

$$b) v_n = v_1 \times q^{n-1} = 60 \times 1,05^{n-1}$$

$$c) 2018 \rightarrow v_{15} \quad v_{15} = 60 \times 1,05^{14} = \underline{119}$$